The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

[West Bengal Act XXVI of 1961]

[5th December, 1961

An Act to provide for the registration of literary, cultural, scientific, political, charitable, religious and certain other kinds of societies and for matters connected therewith.

It is hereby enacted in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:

1. Short title, extent and commencement.- (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961.

(2) It extends to the whole of West Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force on such dare as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Interpretation.- In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-

(a) "Court", when used in relation to a society, means the principal civil court of original jurisdiction of the district within which the registered office of the society is situate and in relation to a society situate within the Presidency town of Calcutta, the City Civil Court established under the City Civil Court Act, 1953;

(b) "Governing Body" means the body, by whatever name called, entrusted for the time being with the management of a society under its regulations;

(c) "member", when used in relation to a society, means a person who has been admitted with his consent as a member of the society according to its regulations;

(d) "memorandum" means the memorandum of association referred to in section4;

(e) "officer" means a member of the Governing Body, the President, the Secretary or any other office-bearer of a society and includes also an employee of the society whose work is not of a purely ministerial nature;

(f) "officer in default", for the purpose of any provision in this Act, means any officer who is knowingly guilty of any contravention, failure or refusal, or who knowingly and willingly authorises or permits such contravention, failure or refusal;

(g) "President" means the President, the Chairman or the formal head by whatever name called, of a society and includes a person who for the time being acts as the formal head;

(h) "registered office" means the registered office mentioned in the memorandum;

(i) "Registrar" means a person appointed as Registrar under section 3 and includes, in relation to the exercise of any powers or functions under this Act, any person referred to in that section on whom such powers or functions have been conferred under that section;

(j) "regulations" means the regulations made by a society and, in relation to a society deemed to have been registered under sub-section (2) of section 36 of this Act and, includes its rules and regulations;

(k) "Rules" means rules made by the State Government under section 35;

(1) "Secretary" means the Secretary or the principal executive officer by whatever name called, of a society, and includes a person who for the time being acts as Secretary;

(m) "society" means a society registered or deemed to have been registered under this Act;

(n) "votes of three-fourths of the members" means the votes given by at least three-fourths of members of a society, present at a general meeting of the society convened according to its regulations and the members voting at such meeting by proxy, where voting by proxy is allowed under the regulations.

3. Appointment of Registrar.- The State Government may appoint a person to be the Registrar of Societies for the State of West Bengal and such additional, Joint, Deputy or Assistant Registrars as it thinks necessary to assist the Registrar and may by general or special order confer on such person or persons assisting the Registrar any of the powers and functions of the Registrar under this Act.

4. Societies to be formed by Memorandum of Association and registration.- (1) Any seven or more individuals associated for any of the objects mentioned in subsection (2), may subscribe their names to a Memorandum of Association and file it along with a copy of the regulations with the Registrar for registration of the association as a society under this Act.

(2) The objects referred to in sub-section (1) may relate to the promotion of literature, arts, science or religion; any charitable purpose including the care or relief of orphans, or of aged, sick, helpless or indigent persons; the alleviation of the sufferings of animals; the diffusion of knowledge; the dissemination of social, political or economic education; the establishment and maintenance of libraries or reading-rooms for the members or for the public; the collection and preservation of manuscripts, paintings

sculptures, works of art, antiquities, natural history specimens, mechanical and scientific instruments and designs; any other object as may be notified by the State Government as being beneficial to the public or to a section of the public.

5. Memorandum of Association.- (1) The Memorandum shall contain, amongst other things, the following particulars, namely:

- (a) the name of the association,
- (b) the address of the registered office of the association,
- (c) the object of the association,
- (d) the names of the first members of the Governing Body, and
- (e) the names, addressed and occupations of the signatories to the memorandum.

(2) After registration a society shall not change the memorandum except in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

6. Regulations.- The Registrar shall not accept any memorandum for registration of a society unless it is accompanied by a copy of its regulations providing, amongst other things, for the following matters, namely:

(a) the composition of the Governing Body and the manner of election or appointment and resignation or removal and the term of office of the members of the Governing Body, the President, the Secretary and other officers;

(b) the admission to membership and resignation and removal of members;

(c) the maintenance of a register of members and facilities for inspection thereof by the members;

(d) the safe custody of the property of the society, including in particular, the manner of keeping or investing any moneys of the society;

(e) the procedure for holding meetings of the society, quorum, the method of voting, the period of notice for meetings and the manner of voting by proxy, where such voting is allowed;

(f) the maintenance and audit of accounts;

(g) the inspection of accounts and of the proceedings of meetings, by the members of the society; and

(h) any other matter relating to the objects or affairs of the society.

7. Registration.- (1) The Registrar upon being satisfied that the memorandum and the regulatory accompanying it comply with the requirements of this Act and the rules

and upon payment of the fee referred to in sub-section (2), shall certify under his hand and seal that the society is registered under this Act.

(2) There shall be paid to the Registrar, for the registration of a society under this Act, ¹[such fee not exceeding one hundred and fifty rupees] as the State Government may from time to time direct.

(3) An appeal shall lie to the State Government against an order of the Registrar refusing to certify the registration of an association as a society under this Act and the decision on such appeal shall be final.

8. Alteration of memorandum and regulations.- (1) A society shall not alter its memorandum except with the previous permission of the Registrar in writing, and the votes of three-fourths of its members.

(2) Before granting permission under sub-section (1), the Registrar shall satisfy himself that the alteration does not make the society ineligible for registration under this Act.

(3) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the rules and the provisions of the memorandum a society may, by the votes of three-fourths of the members, alter its regulations.

9. Alterations to be filed.- (1) A copy of every alteration of the memorandum and of the regulations shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of such alteration.

(2) The Registrar shall, except for special reasons to be recorded by him in writing within thirty days from the date of such receipt, record the alteration and send an intimation of the fact to the society or communicate to the society his objections to such alteration.

(3) An appeal shall lie to the State Government against any objection made by the Registrar and the decision of the State Government on such appeal shall be final.

(4) An alteration shall have effect from the date on which the intimation referred to in sub-section (2) is received by the society or in the event of any objection being raised by the Registrar, from the date on which the State Government allows the alteration on appeal.

10. Name of society.- No society shall be registered under a name which is identical with, or too nearly resembles, the name of any other society or anybody corporate which has been previously registered or incorporated under this Act or any other law for the time being in force, as the case may be, or is deemed to have been registered under this Act.

¹ Substituted by W.B. Act No. XXXI of 1984, dated 12.11.1984.

11. State Government may direct change of name.- (1) If a society is registered under a name or alters its name to another name which, in the opinion of the State Government, is identical with, or too nearly resembles, the name of any other society or body corporate which having been previously registered or incorporated under this Act or any other law for the time being in force, or being deemed to have been registered under this Act, continues to exist, the State Government may by order made in this behalf direct such society to change its name and alter its memorandum within three months from the date of the order or such longer period as the State Government may think fit to allow.

(2) No change of name shall affect the rights and liabilities of a society or any legal proceedings by or against the society.

(3) In case of non-compliance with an order under sub-section (1), every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day until he order is complied with.

12. Societies to have power to amalgamate with another society.- (1) Whenever two or more societies desire to amalgamate, the Governing Body of each such society shall submit the proposal in writing to the members thereof and such proposal shall be considered in a general meeting of the society convened for the purpose.

(2) No such proposal shall have any effect unless-

(a) it shall have been delivered or sent by registered post to the members of each of the societies at least ten days before the date of the meeting at which it will be considered;

(b) it has been sent to the Registrar before the meeting and the communicates his approval thereto, with or without any modifications;

(c) the proposal, with the modifications, if any, suggested by the Registrar, is agreed to by the votes of three-fourths of the members each of the societies concerned and confirmed by like votes of members at the subsequent general meeting of the society.

(3) An appeal shall lie to the State Government against any order of the Registrar refusing to accord his approval to the proposal or suggesting any modification and the decision of the State Government on such appeal shall be final.

(4) On the proposal being confirmed-

(a) the amalgamated society shall be registered under its new name,

(b) the registration of the amalgamating societies shall be cancelled,

(c) the assets and the liabilities of the amalgamating societies shall be the assets and the liabilities of the amalgamated society.

13. Name of society to be prominently shown.- (1) Every society shall –

(a) prominently display its name outside its office or the place where its business is carried on,

(b) have a seal with its name engraved thereon,

(c) have its name mentioned in all documents executed in its favour or on its behalf.

(2) For any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

14. Register of members.- (1) Every society shall maintain at its registered office, a register of its members and shall enter therein the following particulars, namely –

- (a) the name and address of each member,
- (b) the date on which the member was admitted,
- (c) the date on which a member ceased to be such.

(2) If entries are not made within fifteen days of the admission of a member or cessation of membership, every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day during which the contravention continues.

15. Books of account and audit.- (1) Every society shall keep at its registered office proper books of account in which shall be entered accurately –

(a) all sums of money received and the source thereof and all sums of money expended by the society and the object or purpose for which such sums are expended,

(b) the assets and liabilities of the society.

(2) Every society shall have its accounts audited once a year by a duly qualified auditor and have a balance-sheet prepared by him. The auditor shall also submit a report showing the exact state of the financial affairs of the society. Three copies of the balance-sheet and the auditor's report shall be certified by the auditor.

Explanation.- A duly qualified auditor means a chartered accountant within the meaning of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 or a person approved by the Registrar in this behalf.

(3) For any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day after the detection of the default during which the default continues.

16. Annual general meeting.- (1) Every society shall hold an annual general meeting at least once in every year and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between two successive annual general meetings.

(2) The balance-sheet and the auditors' report referred to in sub-section (2) of section 15 shall be placed at the annual general meeting of the society.

(3) For any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

17. Annual and other returns to be forwarded to Registrar.- (1) Within thirty days after the holding of every annual general meeting, there shall be filed with the Registrar-

(a) a list of the names, addresses and occupations of the members of the Governing Body, the President, the Secretary and of other office-bearers of the society,

(b) an annual report by the Governing Body on the working of the society for the previous year,

(c) a copy each of the balance-sheet and the auditors' report certified by the auditors under sub-section (2) of section 15.

(2) The list and the annual report referred to in clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) shall be certified by the President and the Secretary.

(3) If any change occurs in the composition of the Governing Body or in the holder of the office of the President or the Secretary at any time for any reason whatsoever, such change shall, within thirty days, be notified to the Registrar.

(4) For any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), sub-section (2) or subsection (3), every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

18. Property of society how to be vested.- All property belonging to a society, if not vested in trustees, shall be deemed to be vested in the Governing Body of the society but shall be referred to as the property of the society.

19. Suits and proceedings by and against a society.- (1) Every society may sue or may be sued in the name of the President, the Secretary, or any office-bearer authorised by the Governing Body in this behalf.

(2) No suit or proceeding shall abate by reason of any vacancy or change in the holder of the office of the President, the Secretary or any office-bearer authorised under subsection (1).

(3) Every decree or order against a society in any suit or proceeding shall be executable against the property of the society and not against the person or the property of the President, the Secretary or any office-bearer.

(4) Nothing in sub-section (3) shall exempt the President, the Secretary or officebearer of a society from any criminal liability under this Act or entitle him to claim any contribution from the property of the society in respect of any fine paid by him on conviction by a criminal court.

20. Power to alter regulations.-[Omitted].

21. Members liable to be sued or prosecuted as strangers.- Every member of a society may be sued or prosecuted by the society for any loss or damage caused to the society or its property or for anything done by him detrimental to the interests of the society.

22. Power of Registrar to call for information or explanation.- (1) The Registrar may, by written order, call on a society to furnish in writing such information or explanation within such time, not being less than two weeks from the date of receipt of the order by the society, as he may specify in the order in connection with the affairs of the society or any documents filed by the society under this Act.

(2) On receipt by the society of an order under sub-section (1), it shall be the duty of the officer concerned to furnish such information or explanation.

(3) For failure to comply with an order under sub-section (1), the officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day during which the failure continues.

23. Investigation of affairs of a society.- (1) Where on information received, the State Government is of opinion that there are circumstances suggesting that the business of a society is being conducted with intent to defraud its creditors, members or any other person, or that the society is guilty of mismanaging its affairs or of any fraudulent or unlawful act, the State Government may appoint a competent person as ¹[Commissioner for Enquiry] to investigate into the affairs of the society or inspect any institution managed by the society and report on such matters as the State Government may direct.

(2) It shall be the duty of every officer of the society when so required by the 1 [Commissioner for Enquiry] to produce any books and papers of or relating to the society which are in his custody, and otherwise to give to the 1 [Commissioner for Enquiry] all assistance in connection with the investigation or inspection which he is reasonably able to give.

(3) ¹[A Commissioner for Enquiry] may call upon and examine on oath any officer of the society in relation to the affairs of the society and it shall be the duty of every officer when so called upon to appear before the ¹[Commissioner for Enquiry] for such examination.

(4) On the conclusion of the investigation or inspection, as the case may be, the ¹[Commissioner for Enquiry] shall make a report to the ²[State Government] on the matters on which he was directed by the State Government to report.

(5) For refusal to comply with the provisions of sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), the officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

 $(6)^{1}$ [On perusal of the report made by the Commissioner for Enquiry] the State Government may give such directions as it may think fit to the society for the removal of any defects or irregularities within such time as may be specified and on the society making any default in taking action according to such directions the State Government may direct the Registrar to move the Court for dissolution of society.

(7) If on a perusal of the report ¹[made by the Commissioner for Enquiry], it appears to the State Government that any person has, in relation to the formation, promotion, management or conduct of the business of the society, been guilty of any offence for which he is criminally liable, the State Government may direct the prosecution of such person for the offence.

(8) The expenses of, and incidental to, an investigation by ¹[Commissioner for Enquiry] appointed by the State Government shall be defrayed by the State Government.

24. Dissolution by resolution.- (1) A society may be dissolved if by the votes of three-fourths of the members it passes a resolution for such dissolution at a general meeting convened for the purpose.

(2) Where a resolution for dissolution of a society is passed under sub-section (1), the Governing Body shall take such steps for the disposal and settlement of the property of the society and its claims and liabilities as it may think fit subject to the regulations of the society, if any.

(3) After all necessary steps have been taken under sub-section (2), the Governing Body shall send a report to the Registrar mentioning if there are any surplus assets.

(4) The Registrar shall thereupon issue a notice in the Official Gazette to the effect that if no objection is received from any claimant, or creditor or any other member of the society within three months from the date of the notice, the society shall, subject to the provisions of section 27, be dissolved.

(5) If no objection is received within three months as aforesaid, and after the surplus assets, if any, have been disposed of as provided in section 27, the Registrar shall make an order confirming the dissolution of the society and thereupon the society

² Substituted by W.B. Act No. XXVII of 1984, dated 18.7.1984.

shall stand dissolved. The Registrar shall record the order of dissolution in the register maintained in his office.

(6) If any objection is received from any claimant or creditor within the period of three months as aforesaid the Registrar shall not make an order confirming the dissolution of the society unless he is satisfied that the relevant claim or liability has been duly settled and the surplus assets, if any, have been disposed of as provided in section 27. If, however, any objection is received from any member the Registrar shall not make an order confirming the dissolution of the society but shall make an application to the court under section 25.

(7) Where any Government has made in any manner any contribution to the funds or other assets of a society such society shall not be dissolved, unless the State Government has given its assent to the dissolution.

25. Dissolution by court.—(1) The court may, on the application of the Registrar or on the application of not less than one-tenth of the members, make an order for the dissolution of a society in the following cases—

- (a) if there is any contravention by the society of the provisions of this Act,
- (b) if the number of members is less than seven,
- (c) if the society has ceased to function for more than three years,
- (d) if the society is unable to pay its debts or meet its liabilities,
- (e) if it is proper that the society should be dissolved.

(2) When an order for the dissolution of a society is made by the court, dissolution shall take place in such manner as the court may direct.

26. Dissolution by Registrar.—(1) Where in the opinion of the Registrar there are reasonable grounds to believe that a society is not managing its affairs properly or is not functioning, he shall send to the society at its registered office a notice by registered post calling upon its to show cause within such time as may be specified in the notice why the society shall not be dissolved.

(2) If no cause is shown or if the cause shown be considered by the Registrar to be unsatisfactory the Registrar may move the court under section 25 for making an order for the dissolution of the society.

27. Members to receive no profit upon dissolution. – If after the disposal and settlement of the property of a society and its claims and liabilities, there are any surplus assets, such assets shall not be paid to or distributed amongst the members of the society or any of them but shall be given to some other society to be determined –

(a) in the case of a dissolution under section 24, by the votes of three fourths of the members, or in default thereof, by the Registrar, with the approval of the State Government;

(b) in the case of a dissolution under section 25, by the court:

³[Provided that in case of dissolution under section 25, if the State Government intends to take over the property of a society with its claims and liabilities for any public purpose, it may apply to the court for granting such takeover]

28. Disqualifications for being member of the Governing Body, etc., of a society.—A person shall be disqualified for being chosen as, and for being, a member of the Governing Body or the President, Secretary or any other office- bearer of a society, if—

(a) he is an undischarged insolvent, or

(b) he has been convicted of any offence in connection with the formation, promotion, management or conduct of the affairs of a society or a body corporate, or of any offence involving moral turpitude:

Provided that the disqualification under clause (b) shall cease at the end of five years after the date of conviction, or where a sentence of imprisonment has been imposed, after the date of expiration of the sentence.

29. Inspection of documents and grant of certified copies thereof.—Any person may inspect any document filed with the Registrar under this Act ⁴[on payment of a fee of two rupees for the first year, and one rupee for each additional year, for every inspection of each document relating to one society]; and any person may obtain a copy or extract of any document or any part of any document, certified by the Registrar, on payment of such fee as may be prescribed. Such certified copy shall be admissible as evidence of the matters therein contained in all legal proceedings.

30. Terms of gifts to be observed.—(1) Where a society accepts a gift or any kind from any person for a specific purpose it shall not use the gift or any part thereof for any other purpose without the written consent of the donor or if the donor be dead, without the written consent of the Registrar. The Registrar shall not give such consent unless he is satisfied that the purpose for which the gift was made is incapable of execution by the society.

(2) For any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), every officer in default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

31. Communications with a society.—All communications with a society shall be addressed to the society by name and sent to its registered office.

³ Proviso added by Act No. 38 of 2006

⁴ Substituted by W.B. Act. XXXI of 1984, dated 12.11.1984.

32. No prosecution to be instituted without previous sanction. -(1) No prosecution shall be instituted for any offence under this Act except with the previous sanction of the State Government.

(2) Nothing in Sub-section (1) shall apply to any prosecution mention in section 21.

33. Indemnity.—No suit, prosecution or proceeding shall lie in any Civil or Criminal Court against the Registrar or against any ⁵[Commissioner for Enquiry] appointed under section 23, and no suit or proceeding shall lie in any Civil Court against the State Government, for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules.

34. Limitation.—(1) An appeal under this Act may be filed within thirty days of the date of the objection or order appealed against.

(2) The provisions of sections 5 and 12 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (9 of 1908), shall apply to the appeal under this Act.

35. Power to make rules.—(1) The State Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely—

(a) the procedure for any appeal under this Act to the State Government and the fee for such appeal, if any,

(b) the fee, if any, to be paid for filling any document, other than the memorandum and the regulations under Sub-section (1) of section 4,

(c) the maintenance of the register of societies and other book if any by the Registrar,

(d) the fee to be paid for obtaining any copy or extract of any document certified by the Registrar.

(3) All fees paid under this Act shall be credited to the Consolidated Fund of the State.

36. Repeal and savings.—(1) The Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860), in its application to West Bengal, is hereby repealed.

(2) Any society registered in any place within West Bengal, under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, shall be deemed to have been registered under this Act, and its principal office shall be deemed to be the registered officer of the society:

⁵ Substituted by W.B. Act. XXXI of 1984, dated 12.11.1984

Provided that—

(a) the Memorandum of Association and the regulations of any such society shall, if they are repugnant to any of the provisions of this Act and the rules, be brought in conformity therewith six months from the commencement of this Act or within such further period as the Registrar may allow, and thereafter shall to the extent of such repugnancy be deemed to be void and of no effect;

(b) any officer elected or appointed to an office before the commencement of this Act and holding such office immediately before such commencement shall continue to hold such office until the expiry of his terms of office or until such officer is lawfully terminated;

(c) nothing in this section shall affect—

(i) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860),

(ii) any penalty or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed under this Act,

(iii) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, or punishment as aforesaid,

(iv) any proceedings in dissolution commenced before the coming into force of this Act, and

Any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty or punishment may be imposed and any such proceeding in dissolution may be continued as if this Act had not been passed.

The West Bengal Societies Registration Rules, 1963

1. Short title.—These rules may be called the West Bengal Societies Registration Rules, 1963.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:

(1) "the Act" means the West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961(West Bengal Act XXVI of 1961);

- (2) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;
- (3) "Section" means a section of the Act.

3. Examination of the documents received by the Registrar.—On receipt of every document required by the Act to be filed in this office, the Registrar shall examine the same and if it is found defective or incomplete in the particulars required to be given therein, he shall return the document to the person who filed the same. Unless proper rectification is made and the document re-submitted within fifteen days from the date of its return by the Registrar, the document shall not be deemed to have been filed at all.

4. Register of Societies.—There shall be maintained in the office of the Registrar a register of societies in Form I in which societies shall be given serial numbers in the order of their registration. All entries in the register shall be attested by the Registrar.

5. Index to the Register or Societies.—There shall be maintained in the office of the Registrar an index to the register of societies in Form II in which the names of societies shall be arranged alphabetically as soon as entries are made in the register of societies.

6. Filling of documents.—A separate file shall be maintained in respect of each society in which all documents relating thereto received from time to time by the Registrar shall be kept. No document shall be received by the Registrar unless the fee prescribed therefor has been paid.

7. Acknowledgement of registration and documents.—(1) Upon registration of a society, the Registration shall grant a Certificate of registration.

(2) On every document filed under the Act, the Registrar shall endorse by means of skeleton rubber stamp the following particulars:

- (i) registration number;
- (ii) serial number of the document;

(iii) date of filling.

The Registrar shall affix his signature and the seal of his office to such documents and shall grant to the person at whose instance a document is filled an acknowledgement therefor.

8. Inspection of documents etc.—Any person who wishes to inspect a document or obtain a certified copy of the same or an extract there from shall apply to the Registrar in Form III. The application shall be accompanies by the fee mentioned in section 29 or in the Schedule to these rules, as the case may be. The applicant shall be allowed to inspect a document only during office hours and in the presence of the Registrar or of a person authorized by him in this behalf. The applicant shall not be allowed to make a verbatim copy of the document inspected. He may, however, take short notes in respect of the contents of the document inspected.

9. Alteration of Memorandum and Regulations.—Whenever a society alters the Memorandum or the Regulations, a separate statement showing the previous provisions and the altered ones shall be filed with the Registrar, in Form IV along with a copy of every alteration of the Memorandum or the Regulations as required under sub-section (1) of section 9 or sub-section (2) of section 20.

10. Gift for specific purpose.—Whenever a society applies to the Registrar for his written consent, as required under sub-section (1) of section 30 for using a gift for any purpose other than the specific purpose for which the gift was made, the Registrar, in order to satisfy himself that the purpose for which the gift was made is incapable of execution by the society, may call on the society to furnish any information, explanation or particulars in connection with the gift.

11. Appeal.—(1) A Memorandum of appeal shall—

- (i) be filed in duplicate;
- (ii) contain the grounds of the appeal;
- (iii) be accompanied by a certified copy of the order appealed against; and
- (iv) be accompanied by the challan showing payment of the prescribed fee.

(2) An appeal may be summarily rejected if the same is not in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the rules.

12. Permission for alteration of Memorandum.—An application for permission for alteration of the Memorandum of a society as contemplated in section 8 shall be filled in Form V.

13. Filing of annual and other returns.—The annual and other return mentioned in section 17 shall be forwarded in Form VI.

14. Fees.—The fees payable under the Act shall be as provided in the Schedule to these rules. All fees shall be paid in cash.

FORM I

(See rule 4) REGISTER OF SOCIETIES The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

Number of the society on the register:Name of the society:Date of dissolution:How dissolved:

Serial No. of document	Date of Registration	Registered Office of the Society	Description of document filed	By whom filed	Signature of the Registrar

FORM II

(See rule 5) INDEX TO THE REGISTER OF SOCIETIES The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

Name of the society	Date of registration	Number of society in the register	Volume of register and folio

FORM III

(See rule 8) APPLICATION FOR INSPECTION, COPY OR EXTRACT OF DOCUMENTS The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

То		
The Registrar of Firms, Societies and Non-t	rading Corporations,	
West Bengal.		
I hereby apply for inspection/ copy /	extract of document/ documents, t	the
particulars of which are given below:		
No	Dated:	••••
Name of Society	:	
Address of the Society	:	
Registered number of the Society	:	
Nature of particulars of documents	:	
Inspection/ copy/ extract fee- Rs.		
Copy wanted of		
Particulars furnished		
Stamp	:	
Cartridge paper		
Copying fee		
Date on which copy was prepared	:	
Delivered on		

Signature of the person inspecting the document/ documents or receiving delivery of the extract/ copy of the document/ documents

Signature of the applicant with address

FORM IV

(See rule 9) FILING OF ALTERATION OF THE MEMORANDUM OR THE REGULATIONS BY A SOCIETY The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

То

The Registrar of Firms, Societies and Non- trading Corporations, West Bengal.

:

I submit herewith, pursuant to rule 9, the altered Memorandum/ Regulations along with a brief statement of alteration as given below:

Name of the society Registered No. of the Society

Description of alterations in Memorandum / Regulations

Date of alterations	Previous position	Altered position

FORM V

(See rule 12)

NOTICE OF ALTERATION OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF A SOCIETY The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

То

The Registrar of Firms, Societies and Non-trading Corporation, West Bengal.

::

I hereby apply, pursuant to section 8(1) of the West Bengal Society Registration Act, 1961 for permission to the following alteration/ alterations of the Memorandum of Association of the Society whose particulars are given below:

Name of the Society
Registered No. of the Society
Existing provisions
Proposed provisions
Date

Signature of the President/ Secretary (Seal of the Society)

FORM VI

(See rule 13) FILING OF ANNUAL AND OTHER RETURNS BY A SOCIETY The West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961

То

The Registrar of Firms, Societies and Non-Trading Corporations, West Bengal.

I submit herewith the annual and other returns as required under section 17 of the West Bengal Societies Registration Act, 1961.

Name of Society	:
Registered No. of the Society	:
Date of the Annual General Meeting	:
Date of the previous Annual General Meeting	:
Number of members on the date of the Annual General Meeting	:
Name and address of the Auditor	:
Enclosures	:

Date:

Signature of the President/ Secretary (Seal of the Society)

THE SCHEDULE (See rule 14) Fees Society Registration fees—150

1.	Upon a Memorandum of appeal under section 7(3) of the Act.	Rs.70.00 (Rupees Seventy)
2.	Upon alteration of Memorandum or Regulations under section 9(1) of the Act.	Rs.50.00 (Rupees Fifty)
3.	Upon Annual return under section 17(1) of the Act.	Rs.25.00 (Rupees Twenty-five)
4.	Upon change in the composition of the Governing Body or in the holder of the office of the President or the Secretary under section 17(3) of the Act.	Rs.5.00 (Rupees Five)
5.	For certified copy of Memorandum of Association or extract of any document or part of document under section 29 of the Act.	Rs.10.00 (Rupees Ten)
6.	For duplicate copy of the certificate of Registration	Rs.10.00 (Rupees Ten)